



# ISKO Information Security

First 100 days of COVID

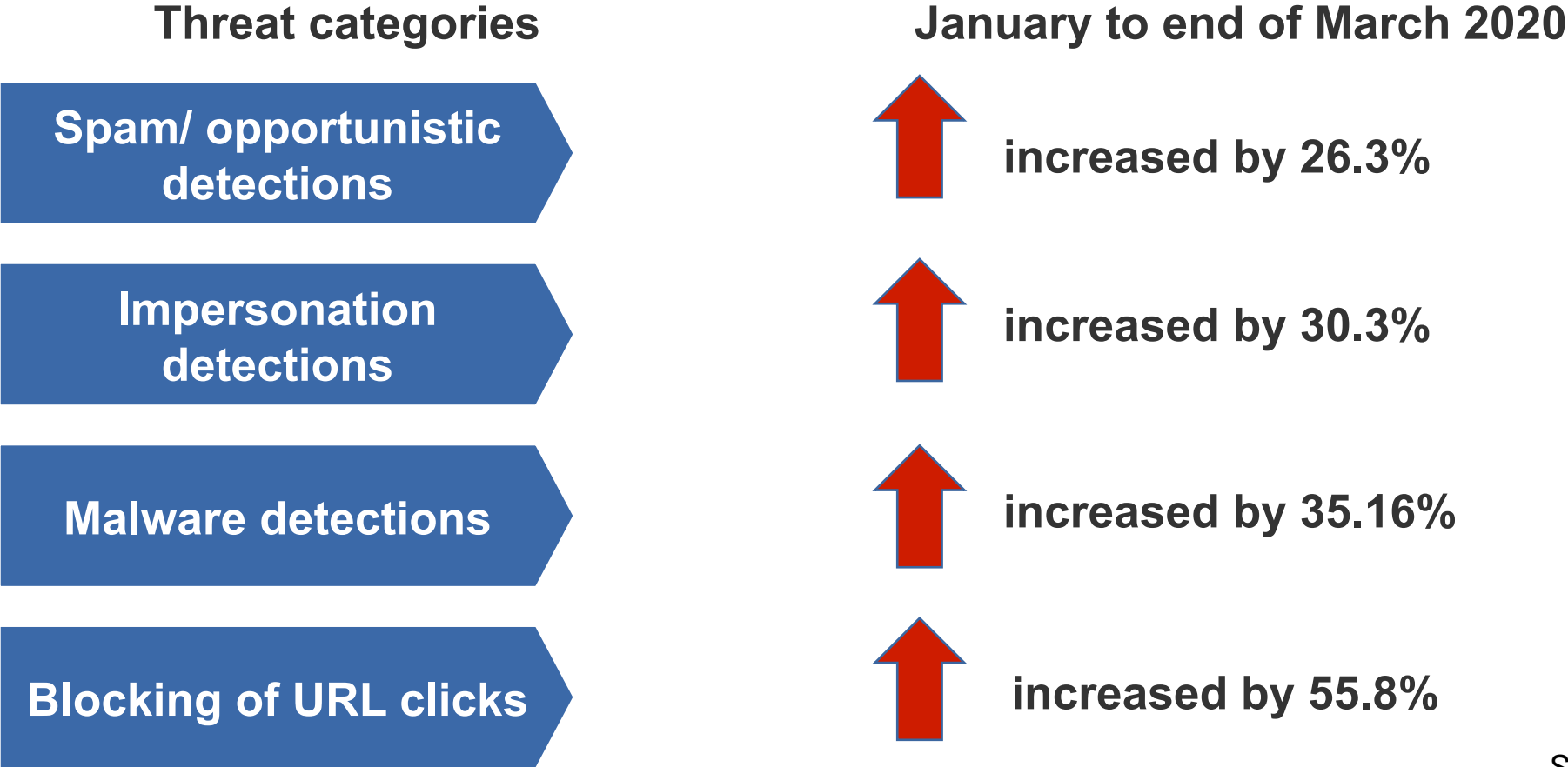
MAY 2020



Cordev

# COVID-19 has provided many new opportunities for cyber threat

As staff are working from home, there has been a measurable increases in spam and impersonation attack campaigns.



Source : [www.mimecast.com](http://www.mimecast.com)

# MAIL EXTORTION SCAMS



## HOW THE SCAM WORKS

- 1 You receive an email claiming that your device/account has been compromised
- 2 Scammer claims to have your 'private and confidential' information
- 3 A ransom is demanded to keep the information private
- 4 Scammer may use your email and password from past data breaches as 'proof' that the email is legitimate



## WHAT SHOULD YOU DO?

Do not make payment. Delete the email immediately.  
To prevent unauthorised access, you should:



Strong passwords  
are long and  
random



Do not use personal  
information (e.g. NRIC)  
in your passwords



Use different  
passwords for different  
accounts



Enable Two-Factor  
Authentication (2FA)  
when available



Perform anti-virus  
scans on all devices



Keep your software  
up-to-date

If you wish to provide any information related to such scams,  
please call the Police hotline at 1800-255-0000 or  
submit it online at [www.police.gov.sg/iwitness](http://www.police.gov.sg/iwitness).



# USING ZOOM?

STAY CYBER-SAFE WITH THESE TIPS

## 1 Use the Latest Zoom Application

Download the app from the official website and install updates immediately when available.

## 2 Secure Your Meeting

Require registration, password access and generate a unique ID for meetings. Do share ID and password with intended participants only. Use a strong password.

## 3 Manage Meeting Access

Enable the waiting room feature, disable 'join before host' option and remove any unknown participants. Lock the meeting once everyone has joined.

## 4 Control Meeting Functions

Set sharing screen to 'host only' and disable private chats. For audio-only meetings, disable video calls.

## 5 Safeguard Sensitive Info

Do not share sensitive files or hold sensitive discussions. Only enable file sharing and meeting recordings if needed.

## 6 Be Alert for Phishing Attacks

Avoid clicking on suspicious links and attachments in the chat function.

## 7 Update Your Devices

Ensure that the OS and anti-virus software of the device(s) installed with Zoom are updated.

WANT TO LEARN MORE?

Visit [www.csa.gov.sg](http://www.csa.gov.sg)



## IMPLEMENTING A REMOTE WORK POLICY? STAY CYBER-SAFE WITH THESE TIPS



### 1. Stay Updated

Update all VPN, network infrastructure and endpoint devices to the latest patches



### 2. Set Authentication

Enable Multi-factor Authentication for all VPN connections



### 3. Secure Your Systems

Follow good practices guides recommended by solution providers



### 4. Audit Regularly

Check privileged domain and local system accounts routinely to detect unknown accounts



### 5. Spread Awareness

Provide regular reminders to employees about cyber threats and preventive measures



### 6. Enforce Policies

Impose strict security policies such as the frequency of updates and strength of passwords



### 7. Respond and Recover

Ensure cyber incident response and recovery plans are ready and can be effectively implemented

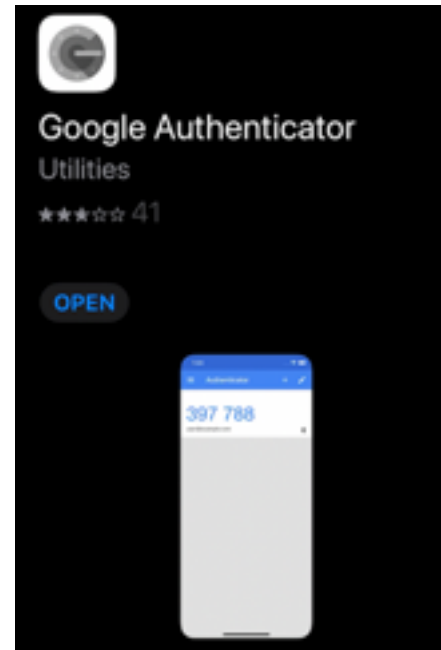
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## What you can do to protect yourself

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- ▶ Employ proper cyber hygiene
- ▶ Update home WiFi with a strong password
- ▶ Never click on **COVID-19** related attachments
- ▶ Right click emails to ensure the links are the correct domain
- ▶ Use 2 FA to access personal emails, etc



# WANNACRY Case study

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## WANNACRY – THE RANSOMWARE EVENT OF 2017 SO FAR

- The sweeping WannaCry ransomware event that commenced on 12 May 2017 has been revealed to use two separate previously leaked Equation Group tools, and the current strain—but by **no means the final strain**—has been **effectively killed** due to a researcher registering a hardcoded domain in the ransomware
- It propagated through **EternalBlue, an exploit for older Windows systems the DoublePulsar tool to install and execute a copies of itself**. EternalBlue was stolen and leaked by a group called **The Shadow Brokers** a few months prior to the attack.
- The WannaCry ransomware epidemic appears to have ended as abruptly as it started, although not without first having infected **+230,000 endpoints in more than 150 countries**, many of them in the medical and manufacturing industries
- The WannaCry outbreak also made extensive use of Equation Group tools, yet no one is suggesting that the Equation group is responsible for WannaCry, at least not directly.
- **Careful planning** appears to have gone into this event, including releasing the ransomware on a Friday, perhaps to increase chaos and response time for victims — a **familiar tactic from other high-profile criminal attacks**, such as the Bangladesh Bank crime. That the WannaCry variant was in more than **24 languages** also suggests lofty goals for the criminals
- The 97 transactions to the three hardcoded bitcoin addresses totaling approximately USD 25,000-, a very **modest amount**. Based on our research regarding ransomware payments, we've seen even a small-time operation earning approximately USD 100,000 over a few months



## Useful links :

<https://thecybersecurityplace.com/cybersecurity-and-covid-19-the-first-100-days>

<https://www.mimecast.com/globalassets/cyber-resilience-content/100-days-of-coronavirus-threat-intelligence.pdf>

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**Q & C?**